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: :	AGR INT	LAB	TAR	FROM : SUBJECT:	Amconsul POTIME DATE: Setabler 30, 1902 Initial Local Reactions to President's Segmentine Order					
730:		esponsivo info. TS authority to:	4 5 nsa 3			्र <u>इ</u>	recorder recorde			
STATE A/COOLINE	T		as OADR CONTRACTOR OADR		During the week which followed the President's October 22 announcement of a quarantine of Duba, local information modia addisered a relatively a cold transition from initially bewildered silence, records vituperative incitement, to hailing unmusionavia offer to withdraw missiles as an outstanding achievement for the forces of peace. Local panio outing, though present to a degree, has not been as pronounced to it was buring the Berlin crisis last autumn. Evidences of local military activity have also been less than lost year. However, there has been much heavier surveillance of Consulate personnel than at any time in the sest, and uniformed police patrols in the vicinity of the Johnstlate have been increased noticeably, ossensibly to prevent incidents. Local citizens, while somewhat reluctant to discuss the Caribbean orisis appears to have had a salutary effect here.					
DEPARTMENT OF	HELEWED BY (X) RELEASE (X) EXCISE (X)	() DENY ():Non-r FOI, EO or PA exemptions	() CLASSIFY as	the consular district, as probably elsewhere in bloc countries, reacted to the President's October 22 quarantine speech slowly and cautiously, waiting for the line. On the radio the event gradually worked its way up from last position on news casts on October 23 to first position by Wednesday evening October 24.						
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		~ r ¬		On October 24 Pozman TV presented a twisted account of events leading in the the President's order, showed "protest meetings throughout the CONTINUITIAL FORMER USE ONLY IN THE CONTINUITIAL FORMER USE ONLY						
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world" (nearly all of them containing london because,, and college this incomoring, completely distorted pictorial nintegral as the line is an incomparation, the U.S. "sell-out" to Satista, Castro omit the July La covariant, and Say of Figs and now the U.S. "interference with the peaceful trade" of Juba.

On October-25 Gazeta Fornanska printed the Polish G vernment incouncement, a vituperative unstance editorial, and an article about protest meetings in Fornan E Province. Taking its due from the Government Announcement, which epicted the U.S. action is illegally directed against the Outen people rather than against the offensive Dowiet weapons on the Island, the Gazeta article in vitriclic, resultances rousing terms charged the U.S. with violations of intermediated law and "violated with accusations, as if there were bases on Suba lith foffensive miscil to be our alleged vulnerability in Turkey, and claimed that Improve should (in securts we doubt ever were shouted) on teptember 13: "Ist us not be roots." The editorial denorsed thrushoffev's readiness to discuss matters at the lithrative involute concluded with the importunate slower. "Utop the fools playing with first accorded as analogues 10.1.

PThe Gareta article on local developments enumerated the problem of the principal industrial plants of Variables which continns the principal industrial plants of Variables which continns passed resolutions on Suba and Berlin. The iniscent of articles on the evolution destructive demonstration against the Consulate on Sprill 19, 1951, the article concluded: [Marappeal to the work forces of all factories of the city of Forcen and Forces for protest against the aggressive steps of the United States against Suba and other pence-loving countries. This orticle was repeated in the leds aggressive evening newspaper Evorses Forces to be same day, but without the concluding exhortation to probest dupted above.

During the days of crisis the local party press accomplished a fairly neat transition from incitement to face-saving reason bleness, with Ehrushchev ispicted as the central figure leading the world down the path to peaceful negociation. On October 29 Jazeta Poznanska headlined Ehrushchev's agreement to dismantle the Soviet missile bases with UN verification. This news was accompanied by an editorial (enclosure No. 3) which, taken together with the newspaper's initial treatment of the crisis (enclosure No. 1), clearly depicts the propaganda transition.

Poles Approve U.S. Actions but Reserved in Comments — The reaction of local citizens to the current situation in the Caribbean has been thus far very different from that observed at the outset of the Berlin crisis in August and Deptember of 1961, At that time people were concerned but enfusive in their comments. During the first days of the current crisis conscious efforts by members of the Consulate to Solicit reactions proved relatively unsuccessful, although all queried appeared to approve U.S. action. Queries produced comments such as "I have been away all week and have heard very little" or "I hope nothing serious happens;" or — complete silence. This reticence seems to have arisen more from a reluctance to think about possible consequences than disinterest in developments. Local employees of the Consulate and other Poles who care to discuss the subject are well awars of the Facts through YOA, EBC and other foreign broadcasts.

on the evening of October 28, dimediately after the Will broadcast describing the exchange of letters between Anrupholes and Fresident Kednady, a local Economica professor-expressed-joy to a member of the Consulate at the outcome. On the

following morning, Ochober 27, the local staff of the Bonguinte was more of the terms of Khrushchev's agreement hefore the generaling officer had a chance to brief them on developments. The local press on October 29 carried the texts of the letters exchanged by President Kennedy and Khrushchev.

Panic Buying Thus Far is Not Pronounced: - Taily checks by members of the Consulate revealed no unusual lines in grocery or meas stored auring the first three days (October 23-25) after the President's announcement and imposition of the quarantine... Thereafter purchasing of staples picked up considerably and speaks of salt and soap were exhausted by October 27. Other staples including flour and sugar remained on the shelf but were subjected to steady, heavy buying. Leat, mostly beef, remained available in the next shops. Panic suging axis for has not reached the proportions it did last fall during the Berlin solvies.

Police Patrols and Surveillance of Sonsulate Increases — in Settler 23 day-time patrols of uniformed police were introduced into the new . mood of the Consulate, with one policemen telling the Consulate astehron that the local police commandant had assigned 20 men to special duty to assure that there would be so damage to or incidents involving the Consulate. On the 24th several mirrorms automobiles with crews of three plainclottesmen were stationed about the Consulate and the residence on Grodziska Street and have trailed Consulate person of night and day since that time. A member of the Consulate who accompanies author lumpo Leaf to Wroclaw indicated that this surveillance was also conducted in strockaw on October 27. Although surveillance of the Consulate is undoubtedly close at all times, this is the first time all members of the Consulate have been obviously followed wherever they went.

Local lilitary Activity Not Entraordinary - Evidences of Military estivity did not follow the same pattern as that of last year's Barlin cricks, when there was considerable evidence of such activity throughout the consular district. On October 27 a long Soviet convoy (130 vehicles) was observed meaning south from Poznan Mard Brockew. However, the Consulate has neither observed nor learn of unusual activity in local Polish installations, and a trip to Soczecin who Pila on Deceber 28 revealed nothing unusual en route or in the city of Soczecin itself. Admittedly these conclusions are the result of casual observation, for constant "tailing" by local agents has caused members of the Consulate to be circumspect. However, this casual cut regular observation by the Consulate indicates that thus far there has been less obvicus military activity and talk of military activity than there was during the tense period following the construction of the last in Berlin last year.

Comment - In spite of some rejuctance to discuss the moster, the present local citizen appears to be fairly well informed regarding current Carabbean developments and to welcome the apparent willingness of the Soviet Union to back down as a result of American firmness. Later discussion gave some indication Poles feel that the USSA will make every effort to emploit situations like those in Suba and the Congo and will not shrink from the most fantastic adventures in they think they can get away with them. These Poles think lowever, that the present sowiet regime has too much at stake in preserving peace, has made too much peaceful industrial

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and economic progress to parmit such adventures to upset the applie open. The Soviets may push to the limit, they say, but they also have the machinery and propaganda media to permit a reasonably smooth withdrawal under the cover of half-truths, disrepresentations and appearances of complete willingness to seek peaceful solutions through negotiation. This flip-flop technique, seach to fool very few people in this part of Foliand out takes care of the record, is partly illustrated in the enclosed newspaper selections.

The Consulate concludes that American firmness, in fact the entire enteriance, has had a salutary effect on local opinion.

Walter E. Contines, Jr. American Consul

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Enclosures:

- l. Translation from Gazeta
 Poznanska, October 25, 1962.
- 2. Translation from Gazeta
 Poznanska, October 25, 1962.
- 2. Translation from Gazata
 Poznanska, October 29, 1962.

Englosure Ma. 1 to Partie A-11 Source: "Itueta Paga eneka", Sotober 29, 1982.

PUT AN END TO THE PROVUDATION

Consciously, coldly, the Government of the United States attempts to unleach an adventure, the consequence of which may be unpredictable. President Hermony signed a proclamation ordering the armed forces of the Us to sucround Suba with a ring of battle-ships and simplemes in order to introduce a blockwise. Hence there occurred a brutal, disgraceful act wiplating elementary principles of the intermational law, principles of the coexistence of nations, and principles of the Sharker of the United Nations.

Attempting to find a motive for this uprecedented stop, a step of it put the world to the brink of a "nuclear world war" — as President flowed to himself in his Honday speech — the American leader plays with accusations as if there were on Cuba bases of "offeasive" missiled of Javiet origin.

These formulations take on a particular afterbaste in the light of the text of the proclamation signed yesterday by the President of the USA. It is risply a matter of the "Markist and Leminist regime on Suba," the "expansion" of which the USA is rowly to "prevent by all means which will be necessary, including the use of weapons." ... In other words it concerns Suba's independent Suba Premiorn capital. Independent Suba rejects sictation from the USA.

Here is the crum of the matter! Juba's offensive cockets are not missiles but ideas, and that's what imprican capitalism is afraid of; the President of the US admits it. It is the intention of the US to use the blockade around Guba to prevent a further spreading of independent aspirations among countries of South Imprications a confession of weakness!

this cover, preparations for an invasion are being made, the purpose of thich would be the liquidation of the supposed Russian missile bases. One really cannot find many examples of such symbols. Who possesses a base on Cuban territory? The RSSR or the USA? And Guantanamo?! Whose base is that? Just yesterday President Kennedy ordered its reinforcement by sending further divisions. President Mennedy accuses the RSSR of bringing meapons to Cuba "secretly." Secretly? Every reader of world press, including that in Poland, was able to read on September 3, 1962 the communique about the visit of a Cuban delegation in Moscow and about talks, in which the RSSR agreed to grant Cuba help in arming them with were naterials for defensive purposes. The USA is questioning the RTSR's right to help threatened Cuba, but they grant their own right to install offensive bases round the BSSR and the socialist camp's frontiers. The nonsence of this position is so obvious, that the leading American columnist Lippman shouts (sic) in his article published on September 18, 1962 in New York Herald Tribung: "Let us not be fools!"

The world is more of a unit now than it used to be. Sputniks can circle it in a little more than one hour. The interious dispendings of matters and problems — in the extremities of this pearth has increased the astiously; The Americans call it global

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war strategy. We call for a global strategy I poace.

The fight for peace increases in the world world. The aroused African and Asian nations openly condemn the American's Article provocation. The governments of neutral countries consult one another to demand the big powers to withhold any action which would threaten the peace. There is a demandation in the countries of Latin America, whose governments — with resistance and under pressure — accepted USA's dictation. Hesitation and trepulation can be observed in the governing circles of the Atlantic Allies of America.

In this situation the mechanism of Mikita Khrushchev in Answer to the letter of old Bertrand Russell has great meaning. The Soviet Premier states that the "Soviet Dovernment will make no unreasonable decision and will not hat the USA provoke it with ill-advised acts." In this situation the moviet Povern and thinks that a meeting at the highest 1 well would be advantageous, but the Answices Government must discontinue its pirate threats which can have the most scribus consequences.

The Polish mation has often manifested its solidarity with the Sulan nation. At this moment it expresses it more warmly than ever. With all the obtions of the world we demons that the American provocation be ended. Stop the Sools playing with fire.

Enclosure No. 2 to Poznan A-41 Source: "Gazeta Poznanska". October 25, 1962.

Constant Constant of the const

Ten regard by the book, in his sent cross have be able The Workers of Poman Province (Wielkopolska) Protest Against the U.S. Provocations

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF rux numres. In connection with the declaration of the Soviet Covernment published yesterday fight friand drawing attention to the aggressive steps of the United States Soverment against TukieroCube there, were mass meetings of workers in many establishments of Posman city and hashed in the province during which protests were lodged against the threats and To Ta Aprovocations of the U.S.A. against the Cuban Lepublic. In the afternoon-hours ourse there were protest meetings in the clargest industrial establishments of Posman -

TathelH. Cogielski Factory - branch M-6; jat "Pomet; """Mlepofemat and at the Caliledy Maprawoze Taboru Kolejowego! at Ostrow and the "Caklady Francisk Tahadismodi.go" casm we (applied to for the Whitting Industry) Tat Malisz VIII by did his of numerous suction with which unig ywa thexworkmenidisayproved:of-the wactions of the W.S.A. imperialistic circleswo compagatiacting the wasic principle's of sovereignty and though a topping at the analytica fru torof the United Nations Charter. With their resolutions the Working Test of the Indian Test of the Later of the Charter o ANA SEFOPPOSE the illegal and willful actions applied by the U.S.A. at inst the horoic The Cuban people, and are condemning particularly the stape taken with intention of ਰਿਸ਼ੀ ਜੋ ^ਰਸ਼ਾਹੀ ਹੈ ਹੈ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੈ। ਇਹ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹੇ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹੇ ਸਿੰਗ ਜ਼ਿਲ੍ਹੇ ਜ਼ਿ headen of the U.S.A. Which causes also trouble spots in Turops, of which the transformation into a for Berlin into a focus of spying and provocation is a proof. The Topian workers and an end to illegal actions against Guba and call for the signing of a prace treaty with Germany.

The crew of the Gas Morks of the Poznan District (Lablady Gazownictwa Okregu Posnanskiego) also issued a protest resolution in connection with the provecative action of the U.S.A. Government. Inter alia we read in this document:

Three aggressive steps of the U.S.A., without precedent, which are limiting the trade with free Suba, are setting back the development of the young iscocratic country, are contradictory to international law and contradictory to the United Nations Organization Charter, Tave condemned with full determination by the crew of the "Zaklady Gazownictwa Ckregu Poznanskiego."

We appeal to the work forces of all factories of the city of Pownam and Pownam Province to protest against the aggressive steps of the United States against Cuba and other peace-loving countries.

Inclosing To. 3 to Pomar A-61 Sourde: "Gageta Poznanska," ,Cotobler 29% 1962.

Colorest (S. 1950).

TRANSLATION

Our Cormentary

THE VECTORY OF PEACE

The sense of great events is best expressed by simple words. Let us therefore not look for unusual definitions to say what the day lotober 23, 1962 has brought. It is sufficient to say, this is a great victory of peace.

During several dramatic days the world experienced the most serious intermediately crisis in post-war times which was caused by the provocative moves of the American policy. Talay, when the crisic took a course towards recondiliation, we can once again think over the course of events, which was a particularly visible popularmation of the fact that the defense of peace is the principal theme of Soviet policy. The blockade of Cuba carried out by the USA was an open violation of the basic principles of international law, an opinion also clearly expressed by many Mestern politicians. The illegality of the blockede was aspecially evident in connection with the fact that it was carried out by a country which his surrounded the MASA with a net of aggressive military bases during the whole post war period. Consequently, what a demonstration of a feeling of responsibility for the destiny of the world the 2000. has given by putting forward the idea of negotiating under conditions where the responsibility for the dangerous development of events would be borne by the USA exclusively.

The point is, that we are colebrating today a day of victory in the fight for peace as laresult of the attitude of a socialist power. The hope of the smole page full opinion of the world, the concern for unich was reflected by the aged caritash philosopher Bertrand Aussell, was directed to the capital city of the USSR, from which ename to peaceful cettlesant. The action of saving peace undertaken by the Usen, which enjoyed the support of the countries of the "third world" and broad political circles in the Western countries; Tresulted in U.S. Cagreement to function the blockade of Cuba and to give uptine aggressive plans against that country: Patr the same time the USSR will with-

i filotizande i jepota i gojujukého, es ojeptopu ito, ovoju ostjuštosti In the victory of world peace there is also the victory of the fight of the Cuban people to maintain their independence which was threatened by the USA. As it is well-known, wherein of American policy was the liquidation of the provolutionary regime on Cuba; arreflection of which is the fact that already in April 1961 an investor against Cubalwash undertaken from the territory of the USA, long before it the time then the relief installed weapons defined by the USA, as offensive. Now the United States must restrain its aggressive intentions and states that other countries from the Jestern Hemisphere will proceed in a similar way.

Cubar that they were to be used to ascertain Cubars defense exclusively.

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Page 2 of 2 Encl. 10. 3 Luman A-41

A day of victory of peace — many facts would indicate that this statement must be hedged with reservations. Premier khrushchev recalls among other things in his letter the provocative flights of U.S. airplanes over the territory of the USSR and states at the same time that the renunciation of an aggressive policy against Cuba by the United States will have to be expressed by deeds and not in words. However, the avoidance of the explosive situation and also the fact that the peaceful suggestions of the Toviet Union have paved the way for talks on the whole relationship between East and Jest, including for instance such orbits as ending experiments with nuclear weapons, again awakens the hopes of machine.

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